

Annual Report of JAGO NARI

Period Covered: July 2019 – June 2020



The happy Rijia Begum received Household materials

The President speaks

JAGO NARI over the past few month of the Covid-19 pandemic attack globally and in Bangladesh as well is now focusing mostly on the Covid-19 response and at the later stage for the super cyclone AMPHAN response to support the vulnerable community of Barguna, Bhola and Patuakhali with several support from the donor community. Side by side the running development projects are also ongoing though the Covid-19 has made some of the programs in we are continuing distance copping with opportunities. Where unending, human rights resources base dignity too often gives the cycle of poverty is an development whenever a family, nation succeeds in it sets off a chain improvement for people In 2019 and 2020



a stalemate situation but keeping the social the new challenges and poverty is extreme and are eroded; the natural deteriorates; and human way to despair. Breaking integral part of everywhere. And community, region or leaving poverty behind, reaction of everywhere.

Bangladesh NGO sector had faced some funding challenges but we have move forward with well acceptance of the community. Now donor agencies are looking forward to accomplish SDG goals. But some of our program activities was hampering, However, JAGO NARI has been able to cope with that situation with its will force and strong relationship with the community as well as other stakeholders. All together the year was remarkable and I believe you will find some interesting achievement next year.

We are delighted to extend our heartfelt gratitude to our most revered friends, delegates and participants. In a deep sense of pride we believe that we will one day see our joy against poverty and corruption.

With warm regards

Hamida Begum

From the Chief Executive's Desk

During 2019-2020 JAGO NARI faced the Global pandemic Covid-19 and super cyclone AMPHAN and within the last six months we



completed 10 emergency projects to fight against Covid-19 and cyclone AMPHAN alongside the regular programs which really was in a stalemate situation due to the global pandemic Covid-19. I am grateful to the donor community to support us with all these 10 projects and I am proud to share that we even led the consortium project which was implemented by COAST TRUST, AVAS, NSS and JN. Thanks to the JN team who despite the pandemic took the challenge to support the needy. These activities are not just reaching the poor, but also the extreme poor and other disadvantaged groups living in the remote areas, hardly touched by the development efforts.

I sincerely urge our government, donors, NGO's and implementers to consider and to promote the strategies which can minimize the gap between rural and urban communities in terms of income, awareness, health & nutrition status, disaster preparedness, Water & Sanitation, Cyber Crime social protection, violence against women as well as anti-poverty strategies.

I do have the pleasure to explore this annual report as a family member of JAGO NARI. Barguna is a Cyclone Aila, Sidr and Mohasen affected coastal area of Bangladesh. So, thanks to the Donors and partners working in Barguna for promoting the communities for their life diversifications to promote positive livelihoods. Our special thanks and heartfelt gratitude to OXFAM, Plan International Bangladesh, Practical Action Bangladesh, Muslim Charity, NARIPOKKHO and MJF for continuous support to develop and Resilience for the community.

I would like to extend my best wishes and great thanks to all of my colleagues and well-wishers who have supported day in day out very sincerely and cordially to achieve the organizational goal in the period we just crossed.

With warm regards

Hosne Ara Hasi
Chief Executive

Let us start with the Introduction of this Annual Report:

Bangladesh recorded its first confirmed case of COVID-19 on March 08, 2020 and subsequently the first official death by the virus was declared by government on March 17, 2020. Since the first case of the infection, the situation has escalated fast, for the worse, with 328 officially confirmed death cases on May 17, 2020 and 22268 people are affected by Covid-19, according to the daily health briefing by the Health and Family Welfare Minister and the IEDCR.

Meanwhile, the whole country was under general holidays and people were asked to be in their homes and in emergencies, maintain social distancing. But the reality was that people were not maintaining their isolation in their homes to be safe, there is heavy gathering in the markets and this has become the very lucrative source of social contamination and the alarming situation of being affected. People couldn't go out for their livelihoods, so running after the very limited relief support and violating all distance which was the breeding place of being contaminated and affected by the Covid-19.

Many people were working abroad from Barguna district and those were coming back from middle-east, south-Asian countries, which made it very alarming for the people and they were becoming very vulnerable to the Corona Virus. Amtoli is the transit point for people movement to other Upazilla and Kalapara, Barguna Sadar and Patharghata are the sea-belt areas. Several business groups, agriculture groups and fishermen groups' movement become very optimum here and it becomes the breeding place for the Covid-19.

According to ICDER report, old age people are most vulnerable and the lack of awareness with the common people at village/community level is coming out to the nearest bazar/market very frequently and if this can't be tackled now, situation will become very severe shortly though the Government has taken initiative for keeping people in their homes and taking support from the law-enforcing agencies including the armed forces but it has not yielded very good fruit in providing result of being at home. And as a result, most affected people are the marginalized and poor farmers, fishermen, persons with disability, elderly people, day labourers, small/ferry business men, floating people, widow, separated women, child headed households are becoming work/jobless and of no income which is leading them to starvation and they even can't think of the hygiene kits for the protection and here stand our role of helping these very vulnerable groups to support with the hygiene kit and this should follow with food items as they don't have any food as they don't have work to earn.

JAGO NARI in partnership with WFP/OXFAM/Plan International/Start Fund Bangladesh has implemented 10 short term projects (one, one and half and two months of duration) to support the very vulnerable households in all the six Upazillas of Barguna district. Projects were to provide hygiene kits assistance to the at-risk populations to protect from the Covid-19 as the precautionary measure.

JAGO NARI has worked to support the most vulnerable community i.e. widow, separated women, PWDs, old aged people with no income source, daily laborers for their protection from the Covid-19 with providing hygiene kits so that they can survive from this pandemic. Meanwhile, in the turmoil of the Covid-19 pandemic, the coastal belt of Bangladesh and parts of India was hit and severely devastated by the **Super Cyclone AMPHAN which was** a very powerful and deadly tropical cyclone being the strongest of its nature and hit the coastal belts of Bangladesh and India with far destroying strength/capacity than the earlier big cyclones like the SIDR and AILA which hit with all its force on May 21, 2020 (late night of 20/05/2020) and caused widespread damage throughout the eastern part of India and the south-western coast of Bangladesh. The primary reports from the Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief (MoDMR) about 330667 houses were damaged with 55667 totally destroyed in the districts of Khulna, Satkhira, Barguna, Bhola, Patuakhali, Pirojpur, Noakhali, Bagerhat and Jashore. The cyclone also forced about 100000 people stranded and locally displaced who took shelter in different cyclone shelters and local strong infrastructures. The super cyclone AMPHAN had a devastating impact on the economic activities of the people and strained the capacities of governments and population already struggling to deal with economic shocks caused by the global pandemic Covid-19. As a regular phenomenon, again several donors came forward to the humanitarian support for the distressed people and initiated the Amphan Response Project which was designed to provide emergency assistance to the most affected households in the affected areas of the coastal areas. They started several partnership with JAGO NARI to support the affected people with family needs materials, shelter support, cash transfer for the intended program participants/beneficiaries of the affected Upazillas of Barguna District covering families who were most affected by the super cyclone AMPHAN

JAGO NARI was selected by the donors for the partnership to support households in the Upazillas covering most of the Unions in Barguna district who were affected by the super cyclone AMPHAN which hit the coastal areas of Bangladesh on May 21, 2020. After the initial meeting and very specific orientation by all the donors according to their needs the

JAGO NARI team collected the list of the affected community from the UNO/Union Parishad for the worst affected Upazillas in Barguna district, inclusion of the local GoB administration in the whole process from the selection of program participant to finalization and distribution was a must for all the projects JAGO NARI implemented with utmost accountability and coordination with all related stakeholders.

It has been a busy year because new programs have been added and existing programs have been developed to address the increasing needs of the vulnerable and pregnant mother women. These added responsibilities have been taken on with sincerity and commitment. We will highlight the projects including the regular ones and the emergency projects at a later stage to give you all a glimpse of the work of JAGO NARI during the crisis period.

About JAGO NARI

JAGO NARI has started its activities in 1998 with its own resource with a view to help the poor people in many respects of Barguna a under developed costal District in the southern part of Bangladesh in terms of socio economic perspective as well as livelihood. It is a non-political, non-profit, rights based and non-government Organization (NGO) committed to participate in and promote national development through upgrading the socio economic condition and promoting and protecting the rights of the disadvantaged, deprived backward and poor communities of the society. Some likeminded, qualified and experienced women of the society established JAGO NARI in the middle of 1998.

At first JAGO NARI started its activities in a right based approach among poor and working women in Urban and rural area of Barguna Sadar Upazilla. Now a day the organization has expanded its activities to 8 districts with different programs, with some different ideas and concepts with greater zeal and enthusiasm through the assistance of GO, NGO and local people. JAGO NARI believes that true development can be ensured by establishing human rights and eradicating the poverty through providing different support to the distressed community. It also believes that men and women have same rights to survive. If organization can create better communication with community people organization's ideas will give a better result but without involving community people it does not give 100% output. So, JAGO NARI is working with the community people to provide same right for men and women in the community.

Woman and Child Rights Organization

JAGO NARI is a non-government and non-profit organization that was solely founded to provide a range of services to disadvantaged and deprived women and children in the urban and rural settings of Bangladesh. Through its programs and projects JAGO NARI provides a range of rights based support to women and children through a holistic approach. JAGO NARI'S work with children complies with the United Nations child rights conventions .The organization believes that childhood means much more than the space between birth and the attainment of adulthood. Childhood refers to the state and condition of a child's life-to the quality of those years. JAGO NARI recognizes that children as well as women are the holders of their own rights. And because these rights are invested in the child's and woman's own person, the child and the woman is no longer a passive recipient of charity but an empowered actor in his/her own development. The organization emphasizes the need to respect children's and women's evolving capacities. All programs are expected to create spaces and promote process designed to enable and empower children and women to express their views, to be consulted and to influence decisions in all matters affecting them in accordance with their age and development.

What does JAGO NARI Stand for:

Every human child is born with fundamental rights. Each child is unique and has the right to a name and a nationality, the right to grow up in a safe and protective environment, an education, food, recreation and play, the right to health and proper health care, each has the right to participate in matters that affect them and the right to be treated equally. Every child has the right to be protected from all forms of abuse and exploitation.

These rights are among the ones set out in the United Nations Conventions on the rights of the Child. Since its adoption in 1989, the convention has become the most widely accepted human rights accord in history. Its principles guide all that JAGO NARI tries to do in its project area. We speak out for the rights of every child and every woman in villages where communities are illiterate. We defend human rights as well as child rights in rural and urban areas. JAGO NARI campaigns peace, security and the articles enshrined within the UNCRC to promote and protect the rights of children. We work towards complimenting the millennium Development Goals. We work for equal rights for girls and women and their participation in community development. We work for the progress promised in the charter of the United Nations.

Mission Statement

To support the poor and most vulnerable people especially women and children who are socially and economically disadvantaged, living in the urban and rural settings of Bangladesh to eradicate poverty and injustice through providing a range of rights-based services designed to improve their quality of life. These services are principally, protection, education, healthcare, skills training, socio-economic development and participation. They are provided in various ways that reinforce the culture, faith, and value of them and are also offered fairly, relevantly and without discrimination.

Vision

Setting up an equitable, capable, democratic and peaceful society without poverty and injustice in the country in which every person enjoys their rights to a life with dignity.

Values

JAGONARI has taken sides-we are on the side of disadvantaged women and children – those opposed by poverty and exploitation. JAGO NARI's values are to

- Respect a human inherent ability
- Believe in every person's ability to achieve, succeed and contribute.
- Enable women and children to take control and positively change the directions of their lives.
- Work in ways that demonstrate respect for the individual.

Develop a wide range of partnerships, encourage funders, supporters and other development agencies to join us on the side of disadvantaged children and women. Besides Commitment, transparency, honesty, Trusty, creativity, loyalty, equal right are the values of the organization.

Legal status of JAGO NARI so far

Sl. No	Registration with	Registration Number	Date of Registration
01	Women Affairs Department	MBA/BAR/16/98	06.12.98
02	NGO Affairs Bureau	NAB/2332	07.04.2008
03	PADOR (Europe Aid)	BD-2009-GNS-	2012

		1906415815	
04	Youth development affairs	BAR/309	2014

Structure of the organization

Being a democratic and non-biased organization, JAGO NARI has been attaching high priority on good governance, accountability and transparency, operating according to the approved constitution of the organization. It has got three types of organizational structures. That's are: The General Council, The Executive committee & The Advisory committee

The General Council:

The organization has one 31 female member's general council which has been formed to provide necessary guidance, advice and approval of the policy for the expenditure of the program implementation and staff support. The general council holds regular meeting once in a year. It also undertakes the monitoring and coordinating role of the organization.

The Executive Committee:

JAGO NARI has one executive committee consists of 7 (seven) members. The general body members have nominated the Executive committee. The Chief Executive is the ex-official of the Executive committee and chief of staff team and he is responsible to its executive committee. It is the supreme policy implementation and decision-making body of the organization. According to the constitution, an Executive committee (EC) of JAGO NARI members who are elected by a general body meeting for every two-year term governs the organization.

The Advisory Committee:

It has one 5 member's advisory committee on top of the management structure. In order to extend the necessary advice to the executive committee and the general council the advisory body try to promote the smooth functioning of the organization activities within the framework.

The JAGO NARI Projects/Programs in this reporting period

The Emergency Projects in a nutshell at 2019-2020

Update of Covid-19 and super cyclone AMPHAN project of JAGO NARI:

JAGO NARI since March 31, 2020 has responded to the global pandemic Covid-19 and later the second emergency to support the super cyclone AMPHAN since it hit on May 21, 2020. So far JAGO NARI has completed 8 emergency project to fight against Covid-19 and super cyclone AMPHAN and 2 projects are on-going. JAGO NARI is ensuring social distancing during the data collection, material distribution and other activities ensuring proper safety measures for the staffs.



Bangladesh recorded its first confirmed case of COVID-19 on March 08, 2020 and subsequently the first official death by the virus was declared by government on March 17, 2020. Since the first case of the infection, the situation has escalated fast, for the worse, with 328 officially confirmed death cases on May 17, 2020 and 22268 people are affected by Covid-19, according to the daily health briefing by the Health and Family Welfare Minister and the IEDCR.

Meanwhile, the whole country is under general holidays and asked to be in their homes and in emergencies, maintain social distancing. But the reality is that people are not maintaining their isolation in their homes to be safe, there is heavy gathering in the markets and this has become the very lucrative source of social contamination and the alarming situation of being

affected. People can't go out for their livelihoods, so running after the very limited relief support and violating all distance which is the breeding place of being contaminated and affected by the Covid-19.

Many people are working abroad from Barguna district and those are coming from middle-east, south-Asian countries, which makes it very alarming for the people and they are becoming very vulnerable to the Corona Virus. Amtoli is the transit point for people movement to other Upazilla and Kalapara, Barguna Sadar and Patharghata are the sea-belt areas. Several business groups, agriculture groups and fishermen groups' movement become very optimum here and it becomes the breeding place for the Covid-19.

According to ICDER report, old age people are most vulnerable and the lack of awareness common people at village/community level is coming out to the nearest bazar/market very frequently and if this can't be tackled now, situation will become very severe shortly though the Government has taken initiative for keeping people in their homes and taking support from the law-enforcing agencies including the armed forces but it has not yielded very good fruit in providing result of being at home. And as a result, most affected people are the marginalized and poor farmers, fishermen, persons with disability, elderly people, day labourers,

small/ferry business men, floating people, widow, separated women, child headed households are becoming work/jobless and of no income which is leading them to starvation and they even can't think of the hygiene kits for the protection and

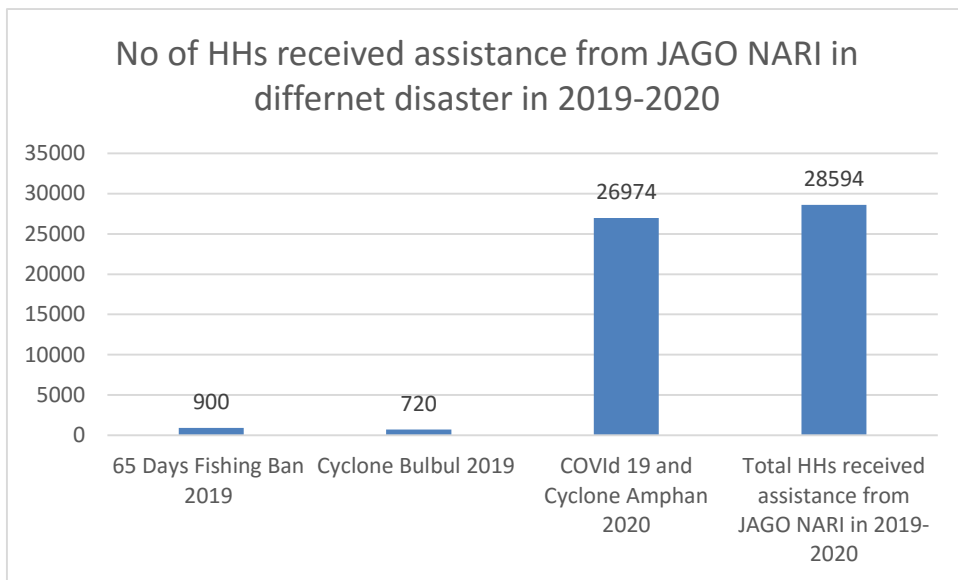


here stand our role of helping these very vulnerable groups to support with the hygiene kit and this should follow with food items as they don't have any food as they don't have work to earn.

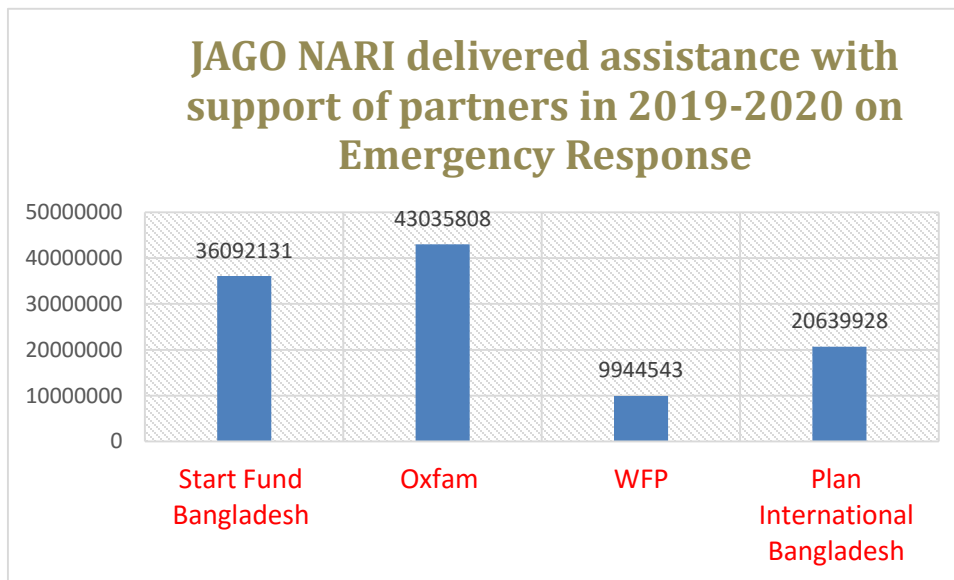
JAGO NARI has worked to support the most vulnerable community i.e. widow, separated women, PWDs, old aged people with no income source, daily laborers for their protection from the Covid-19 with providing hygiene kits so that they can survive from this pandemic and also support to revive from the super cyclone AMPHAN.

The details of the emergency projects completed and on-going by JAGO NARI is shown below:

Total HHs coverage 2019-2020: **28594 HHs (142970 Population)**

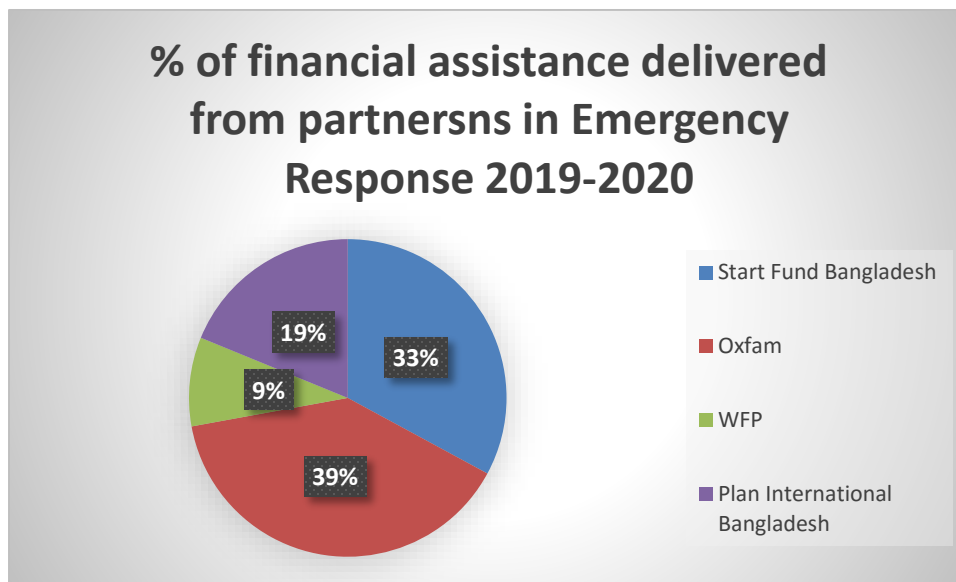


JAGO NARI has covered 900 HHs on 65 days fishing ban to form with local consortium with lead by JAGO NAI and funding support received from Start Fund Bangladesh. In addition, this was an first anticipated food security emergency response by JAGO NARI and Start Fund Bangladesh. In 2019, JAGO NARI has supported 720 HHs with support of Oxfam. In 2020, JAGO NARI has accomplished 10 emergency after COVID 19 pandemic and Cyclone Amphan and covered 26974 HHs with support of different assistance like Cash, Food, Hygiene package and Shelter materials.

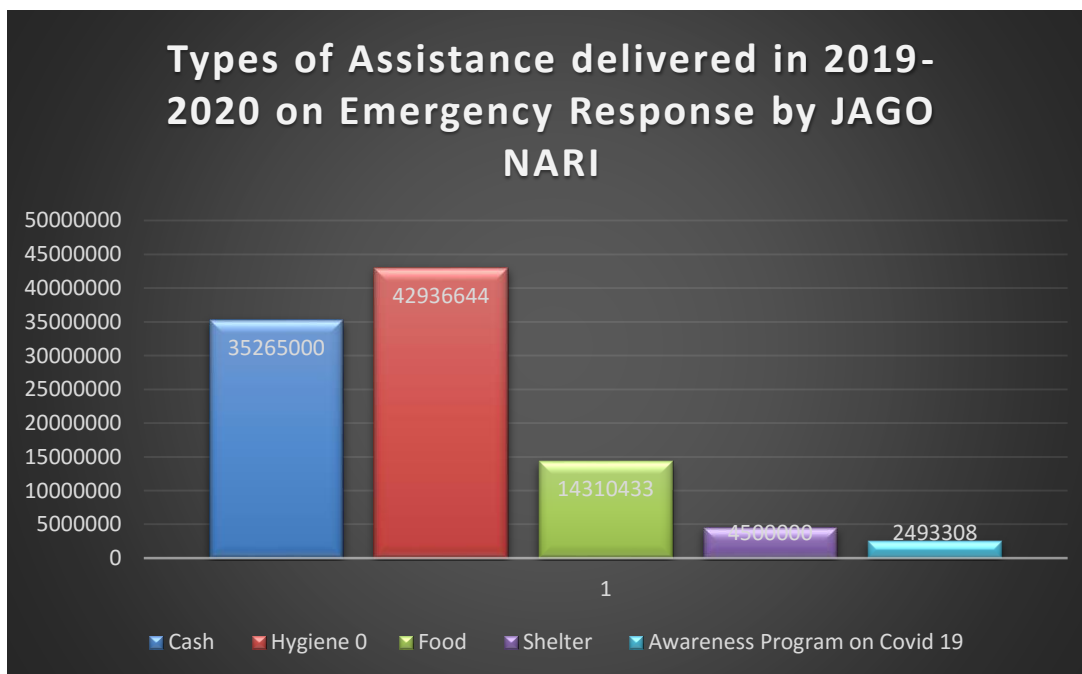


JAGO NARI has delivered 10, 97,12,410 BDT to affected community with support of different partners

under 13 emergency response project with the time of 2019-2020.



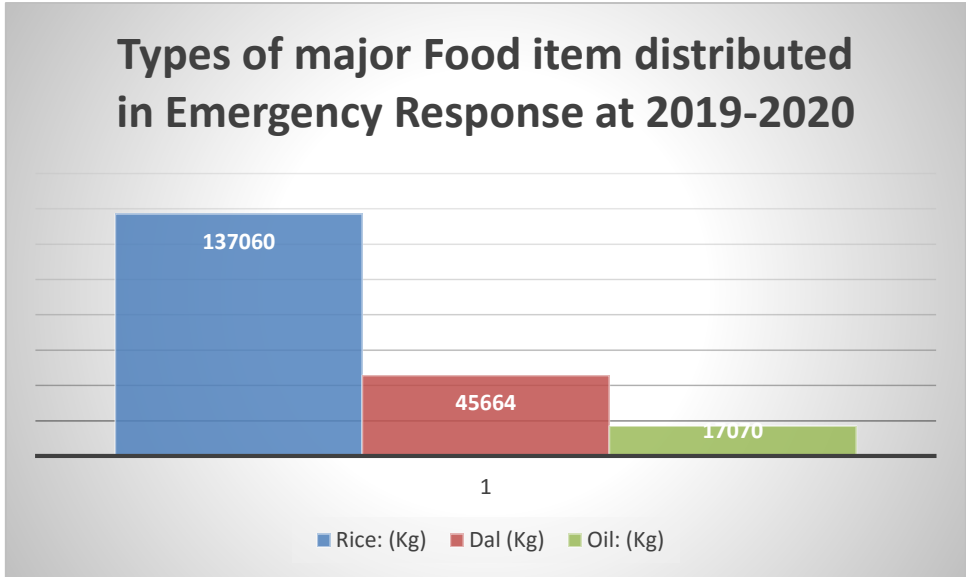
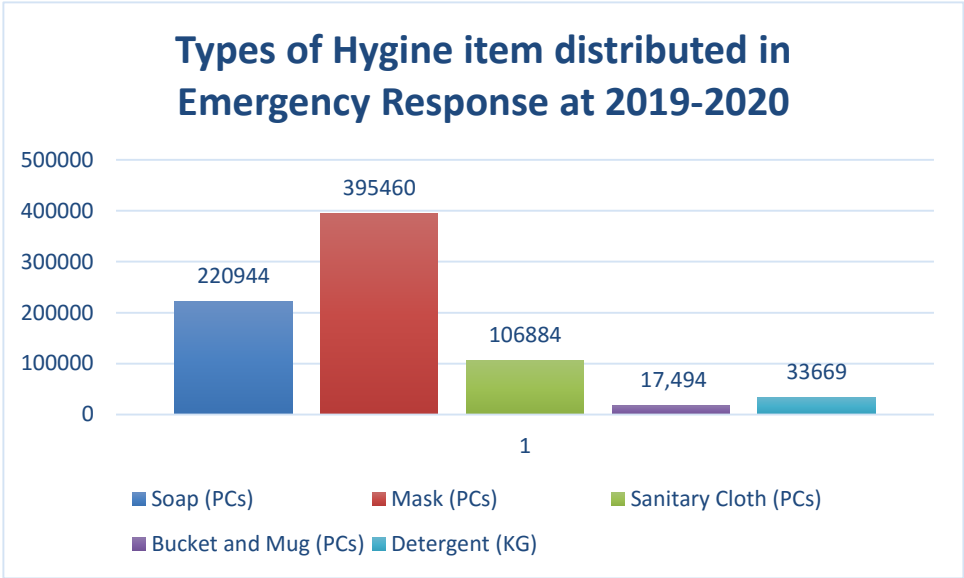
JAGO NARI has received 39% of emergency response funding from Oxfam and 33% from Start fund Bangladesh and this two organization is major emergency funding agencies in the year of 2019-2020.



JAGO NARI has distributed following item with amount:

- Cash support: 35265000 BDT
- Hygiene kit support 42936644 BDT with considering COVID 19 pandemic situation.
- Food support 14310433 BDT
- Shelter support 45,00,000 BDT
- Awareness Program 2493308 BDT to aware community on COVID 19 situation

Hygiene Kit details:
 Soap: 2, 20,944 PCs
 Detergent: 33,669 KG
 Mask: 3, 95,460 Pcs
 Sanitary Cloth: 1, 06,884 Pcs
 Bucket and Mug: 17,494 pcs



Details Food assistance:
 Rice: 137060 KG
 Dal: 45664 Kg
 Oil: 17070 Kg

The table of the emergency projects which is already detailed above

Name of Project	Name of Funding agency	Budget	Total No of BNF	JAGO NARI BNF coverage	Details of Assistance with BNF number	Remarks
COVID-19 Response Project (CRP) funded by OXFAM	OXFAM/Lead by NSS	600,780	420	2100	Sanitary Cloth- 8 , Laundry Soap (130 gm) - 3, Bathing Saop (150 mg) -8 , Ditergent (200mg)-3 ,Musk - 20 , ORS - 10 , IEC Material -01, Bag -01	Completed
\\Rapid Response on COVID-19/Start Fund	Start Fund	2,555,199	650	3250	Sanitary Cloth- 8 , Bucket-1, Mug- 1, Bathing Saop (150 mg) -9 , Ditergent (500mg)-2 , Musk - 25 , IEC Material -01, Bag -01	Completed/ AVAS
Rapid Response on COVID-19/Start Fund	Start Fund	2,555,199	650	3250	Sanitary Cloth- 8 , Bucket-1, Mug- 1, Bathing Saop (150 mg) -9 , Ditergent (500mg)-2 , Musk - 25 , IEC Material -01, Bag -01	Completed
Emergency Response on COVID-19 Under REE-CALL 2021 Project/OXFAM	OXFAM	1,281,649	250	1250	Rice-10 kg ,Oil - 1 kg, Lentils - 1 kg , Lifeboy Soap -(100 gm) - 2 ,Ditergent 500gm , Sanitary Napkin - 1 Packet.	Completed
Emer+B14:P14gency Response to Cyclone AMPHAN in Bangladesh (DRF Project)	Plan International	967,800	4200	21000	Household Items	Completed/B hola
Emer+B14:P14gency Response to Cyclone AMPHAN in Bangladesh (DRF Project)	Plan International	967,800	5166	25830	Household Items	Completed
Cyclone AMPHAN Response in Barguna district in Bangladesh	OXFAM	5,623,600	1060	5300	Cash 5000 per HH (530 for shelter repair and 530 livelihood support)	Completed

COVID-19 Response in Bangladesh/CAT Fund/OXFAM	OXFAM/CAT Fund	999,700	400	2000	Sanitary Cloth- 8 , Bucket- 1, Mug- 1, Bathing Saop (100 mg) -12/13 , Ditergent (500mg)-2 , IEC Material -01, Bag -01 (10000 Mask)	Completed
Rapid Response of Cyclone AMPHAN Project in Barishal Division- RRCAP/Start Fund/UKAID	Start Fund	8,076,485	1200	6000	Sanitary Cloth- 8 , Bucket- 1, Mug- 1, Bathing Saop (150 mg) -8 (100mg-13) , Ditergent (500 mg)-2 , Musk - 50 , IEC Material - 01, Cash-BDT-3000, community initiative and deadbody management	Completed
	Start Fund	13,513,811	3000	N/A		Completed
Rapid Response on Cyclone AMPHAN Project/WFP	WFP	99,44,543	3000	15000	Cash BDT 3000 + IEC materials per HH	Completed
Cyclone AMPHAN Response in Barguna in Bangladesh	OXFAM USA	1,626,250	250	1250	Cash BDT 5000 for 200 HH + latrine repair for 50 HH (worth BDT 5000)	Completed
Cyclone AMPHAN Response Project in Barishal division in Bangladesh	OXFAM HK	28,625,450	6728	33640	Food Package/Hygiene Materials 6000 HHs and Shelter materials for 1500 HHs	Completed

Resilience through Economic Empowerment, Climate Adaptation, Leadership & Learning-REE CALL 2021

REE CALL 2021 is a multi-dimensional project with the area of activities as Resilience WASH, Climate Resilience Agriculture, Integrated Farming, DRR and CCA, Duck Value Chain, Developing Entrepreneurs, youth development, Social Rights & Entitlements of disadvantaged people and specially localization of SDGs under its 03 specific outcomes as 1.Economic Justice and women empowerment; 2.Climate action and DRR; 3.Active Citizenship and knowledge management. Women empowerment is in the center of the REE CALL 2021. As a part of women empowerment, it involved the activities related to women economic empowerment, women transformative leadership and reducing unpaid care work burden for women. Also REE CALL 2021 strongly addresses the 04 crosscutting issues as disability inclusion, child protection, promoting gender and environmental Issues. In the reporting period, to address the goal and objective of REE CALL 2021, accomplished the major activities which covered the areas of Climate Resilience Agriculture,

Integrated Farming, Resilience WASH, DRR and CCA, scaling up the WASH Enterprise, youth development and women economic empowerment and but due to COVID 19 pandemic situation, haven't done the regular planned activities in the period of April to June 2020. In that time, considering the COVID 19 crisis, provided daily necessary packages, disbursed the seed money of revolving fund, distributed hand washing devices and awareness rising on COVID 19 as a part of emergency response on COVID-19.

Project Beneficiary Table (Count activity wise beneficiaries' coverage and mention total figure in below table:

PNGO	Male	Female	Youth/ Boys	Youth/ Girls	Male with Disability	Female with Disability	Youth/ Boys with Disability	Youth/ Girls with Disability	Total
JAGO	78	3418	285	409	32	42	9	8	4988
NARI	5								

Objective 01: Women, men, their families and communities have benefited from sustainable and equitable economic activity.(Economic Justice and Women Empowerment)

Indicator 1.1: 75% of target women and men in climate vulnerable communities have increased income through livelihood generation and market access.

Duck Value Chain:

Form the beginning of REE CALL 2021 to July 2020, provided the duck value chain supports to 75 HHs including 72 female beneficiaries. Targeted HHs (75) have been increased their income through receiving duck support from REE CALL 2021 such as-

- ✓ 25% targeted HHs earned average BDT 5,500.00 per month.
- ✓ 40% targeted HHs earned average BDT 4,000.00 per month.
- ✓ 35% targeted HHs earned average BDT 3,000.00 per month.

Integrated Farming:

Form the beginning of REE CALL 2021 to July 2020, provided necessary support for Integrated farming demonstration plots to the 46 HHs which included 25 female beneficiaries. The integrated farming demonstrated with minimum 03 items among vegetable cultivation, duck raring, fish cultivation and composed fertilizer. Targeted HHs (46) have been increased their income through receiving training and input supports from REE CALL 2021 according to ratio given as bellow:

- ✓ 65% targeted HHs earned average BDT 6,000.00 per month.
- ✓ 24% targeted HHs earned average BDT 4,500.00 per month.
- ✓ 11% targeted HHs earned average BDT 2,000.00 per month.

Eco-friendly and climate Adaptive agriculture: Form the beginning of REE CALL 2021 to July 2020, provided necessary support for eco-friendly and climate adaptive agriculture demonstration plots to the 100 HHs ((Sunflower 50, Coconut and Lemon 10, Multa 22, Mug been 05, Banana 02, Papaya 01, Pumpkin 04, Snake gourd 03, bitter gourd 03). Among those 100 beneficiaries, 51 beneficiaries are female.

Overall around 70% targeted households earned money through demonstrating eco-friendly and climate adaptive agriculture as:

- ✓ 99% targeted sunflower beneficiaries (49 out of 50) earned average BDT 10,000.00 and every beneficiary will cultivate sunflower in the next seasons. As a result of successful sunflower demonstration plots, additional 35 farmers cultivated as a follower.
- ✓ 100% targeted (01 Papaya) beneficiaries gained around 50,000 Taka in a season and again he is going to demonstrate Papaya plot in this year.
- ✓ 100% targeted (07) Pumpkin and snake gourd beneficiaries gained around BDT 30,000.00 in this season and they will continue the cultivation of those crops.
- ✓ 100% targeted (02) Banana beneficiaries are earning BDT 4,500.00 per month.
- ✓ 100% targeted (03) pitter gourd beneficiaries earned BDT 10,000.00 in a season.
- ✓ Targeted HHs (32) i.e Demonstration plots of Multa, Viyetnam Coconut and Lemon are going to be grown up day by day.
- ✓ Indicator 1.2: 70% of target rural youth are engaged in livelihood activities following skills training.

From the beginning of REE CALL 2021 to July 2020, number of 75 youths including 23 youth girls have been provided vocational training on different courses (Motor driving 23, Electric & house wearing 33, block & Batik 11, Garments Manufacturing 05).

Around 70% trained rural youths are engaged in livelihood activities and their average income 4000-5000 Taka.

Pilot Mentorship:

From the beginning of REE CALL 2021 to July 2020, number of 56 youths including 03 youth girls received pilot mentorship training on different courses like hair cutting, mobile servicing, Jeweler, steel workshop, beautification, Bakery, Electrical and Electronic.

Among those trained youths, 91% (51 out of 56) are involved in job after and their monthly average income around 7000.00 Taka.

Indicator 1.3: 70% of target households have increased understanding of unpaid care work burden and the need to reduce and redistribute for socio-economic empowerment.

From the beginning of the REE CALL 2021 to till now, provided training on unpaid care work burden for 79 couples, Conduction of 03 RCA with 66 participants to build up a comprehensive awareness on reducing care work burden to redistribute and reduction and recognition of care work. In addition, discussed about unpaid care work burden during regular CBO meeting.

In this reporting period, a street drama was staged to address the DAVOS Week and 525 individuals (girls student 250, boys students 200, male 25 and female 50) watch the drama in the open places.

REE CALL 2021 team maintains a close follow up on 79 couples and 66 participants of RCA and found around 90% trained mail members of the respective couples share

domestic work with their female partners. As a change maker, around 90% trained participants also share their learning and good practices with surrounding neighbors through CBO meeting and individual communication.

As a result around 60% targeted HHs understand regarding burden of unpaid care work and the need to reduce and redistribute tor socio-economic empowerment.

Outcome 02: Government, communities and civil society have driven sustainable and inclusive climate action and disaster risk reduction through collective effort. (Climate Action and Disaster Risk Reduction)

Indicator 2.1: 70% of target climate-vulnerable households have increased capacity to



adopt CCA practices and successful models disseminated at national level.

In this reporting period, 03 Cyclone as Cyclone FANI (May 2019), **Cyclone Bulbul** (November 2019) and **Cyclone Amphan** (May 2020) heated costal belt including Barguna. It is physically observed that around 80% trained persons actively localized early warning before heating disaster.

Above 70% HHs are informed about DRR issues and 65% HHs has disaster preparedness initiatives and risk reduction initiatives.

Around 80% targeted HHs of integrated firming, eco-friendly and climate adaptive agriculture are producing and using composed fertilizer on their crops field. Also they are introducing saline tolerant and early variety and bed method which are related to CCA practices.

Indicator 2.2: Local community-based WASH enterprise models tested, demonstrated, established and findings disseminated at district and national level.

Under REE CALL 2021 to till now, established 03 WASH enterprises and one Hygiene Center. In the reporting period, according to statements of the owners of respective WASH and Hygiene Centers, increased selling their products like latrine's and materials and sanitary Napkin. They also stated, now community people are adapting our improve latrine's model, as they are buying the improve latrine developed design by Oxfam.

Indicator 2.3: 80% CBOs will be sensitized on disability inclusion and 70% CBOs implementing disability-inclusive WASH practices.

From the beginning the REE CALL 2021 to till now, provided training on disability of WASH to the 58 CBO members including 55 female from 27 CBOs. Every CBOs (27 CBOs) has Disability Focal Person for addressing the disability issues. It has been prepared list of persons with disability in each CBOs for accessing disable related services in future. Also all CBOs are aware more or less regarding disability friendly WASH Practices as well as disability inclusion with the different government and non-government services.

Outcome 3.Objective 03: Duty bearers and lawmakers have developed policies and demonstrated practices that better incorporate the interests and rights of marginalized people and communities. (Active Citizenship and Influencing).

Indicator 3.1: 80% of targeted CBOs have strengthened capacity to form alliances and take collective action.

Now, CBO alliances more organized to take action collectively and the advanced leaders of

these alliances can influence the respective district level authorities.

This is a remarkable achievement in this reporting period that 10 CBOs out of 15 non-registered CBOs got registration from the department of district cooperative. As a result, increased institutional capacity of those 10 CBOs.

In the reporting period, a large number of people have been included in the social safety net program as a logical consequence of collective efforts of CBO alliances. In the recent past, CBO members submitted poor people list who are eligible to get VGD to the respective union parishad authorities and as a result, number of 139 individuals have been included in the social safety net program. Also as a result of linkage and advocacy with the respective Union Parishad, included more 215 persons in VGF, 11 persons in Disable Allowance, 13 persons in Old Aged Allowance, 17 persons in Maternity Allowance. In addition, as the result of collective action of CBO alliance 01 individual got a Wheel Chair, 04 individuals got disable card and 04 individuals got Souro Biddut (Solar) from Upazilla Parishad.

Indicator 3.2: Duty bearers and law-makers at local, district and national level increased knowledge of the interests and rights of CBO communities.

Most of the duty bearers or officials at district level are informed about REE CALL 2021 as well as. Also CBO people are communicating with different line department of Upazilla and District level, as a result duty bearers are providing supports somewhere required.

As the result of collective efforts of the CBO alliances, Union Parishad included the 06 CBO leaders in the selection committee of VGD beneficiaries and 11 CBO leaders in the different standing committees of Union Parishad. Also 11 CBO members got agriculture incentive from Upazilla Agriculture Office.

Covid-19 response activities.

Outcome level summary (what we did, how many beneficiaries reach, engagement of stakeholders, CBOs role, Covid-19 awareness).

Through COVID 19 Emergency Response under REE CALL 2021 Project, provided Daily Necessary Packages to 250 HHs, Disbursing Seed Money of Revolving Fund to 257 HHs, Distributing Hand Washing Device to 35 HHs, Distribution of 1500 pcs leaflet and awareness message delivery through mobile phone conversation to the 2550 individuals which included 1280 female in the respective areas of 27 CBOs. 27 CBO leaders and 27 Youth leaders disseminated the messages around their respective community.

COVID 19 Emergency Response was so effective for most vulnerable and affected community, because this response was done during most crisis period. We were able to reach a large number of affected people as:

Through providing cash and input supports, reached to total number of 2145 which included the socially disadvantaged people as PWD 46, Widow 74, Separated Women 29, Divorced 05 and Pregnant Mothers 04.

- ✓ Reached to 8000 people through distribution of 8000 leaflets on COVID 19 awareness.
- ✓ Reached to 120 people through distribution of face masks.
- ✓ Reached to 2550 people including 1280 female through message delivery on COVID 19 by mobile phone conversation
- ✓ Also reached to around 05 lac people through broadcasting in the Community Radio as the Community Radio frequency around 51 Kilo Meter and number of listeners number of around 05 lac.

Through this response, reduced human suffering in the COVID 19 pandemic situation in terms of food security, livelihood and hygiene promotion. Also made awareness among the large number of community people.

How does the project activities contributing in:

Disability Inclusion:

In the reporting period, 50 CBO members from 27 CBOs have been provided training on disability Inclusion to make comprehensive knowledge on disability issues as taking care of PWD, disable friendly WASH infrastructure, personal hygiene of PWD, protection and inclusion of PWD in the social Safety net Program, and Policy of Bangladesh Govt. regarding Persons with Disabilities.

Under REE CALL 2021, selected Disability Focal Person in each CBO and prepare CBO based list of persons with disabilities for accessing disable related services in future. Also JAGO NARI is ensuring that, persons with disability will get highest preference in terms of beneficiary selection.

Also JAGO NARI is ensuring that, person with disability will get highest preference in terms of beneficiary selection. In reporting period, 91disable (including Emergency Response on COVID 19) persons have been provided direct & indirect support from REE CALL 2021. In addition, more 11 persons with disabilities have been included in the disable allowance provided by the government of Bangladesh as a logical consequence of collective

efforts of CBO alliances.

Child Protection and Safeguarding:

Under REE CALL 2021, identified the child protection's risks and in we ensure that our activities are implemented in child friendly environment and manners.

In the reporting period, 50 CBO members from 27 CBOs have been provided training on Child Protection & Safeguarding to make a comprehensive awareness on child protection among the community people. This training mainly addressed the issues as basic rights of the children, behaviors and communication with children, safety & security of the children. To mitigate risks in terms of community level trainings& meetings, taken corrective measures as:

- ✓ Providing formal or informal orientation to the concern staffs, volunteers and contractors, CBO leaders, parents and guardians on child safeguarding issues;
- ✓ Established child corner in every CBOs, so that children can play in the child corner while any meeting or training/orientation will be conducted at CBO level;

Selected a responsible person to take care of children so that children should not be out of supervision during conduction of meeting and training;

Promoting Gender:

JAGO NARI as an organization believes in comprehensive women empowerment which is also one of the major objectives of REE CALL 2021. Gender is a crosscutting issue in our all activities. Female are gets first preference in all type of selection of beneficiaries or participants of meeting, training/orientation/workshops which is also reflected in our annual beneficiaries counting like-

- ✓ Around 77% *Startup support for demonstrating integrated farming and Capacity building on integrated faming and demonstration of eco-friendly and climate adaptive agriculture technology.* (23 beneficiaries are female out of 30).
- ✓ Through providing seed money of revolving fund, Daily Necessary Packages and Hand Washing Devices, reached to total number of 2145 which included the socially disadvantaged people as PWD46, Widow 74, Separated Women 29, Divorced 05 and Pregnant Mothers 04.
- ✓ Around 71% participants are female in terms of meeting, training/workshop/orientations conducted in the reporting period (1974 out of 2701)

Also for growing women leadership we ensured female are in frontline, as a result 73% of

our CBO leaders are female.

Environment policy:

REE CALL 2021 Project is not contradictory with the environment policy of the government of Bangladesh rather this project will contribute to create a pleasant environment through doing its activities. All the activities of REE CALL 2021 are performed in an environment friendly manner. For example DHTW are installed with features like waste water disposal. In Installation of latrines we maintain environment factors by sealed up septic tanks, water seal and vent pipe.

All integrated farming, eco-friendly & climate adaptive agriculture demonstration plots were established considering the CCA issues as using composed fertilizer and vermin compost instead of chemical fertilizer & pasty side, saline tolerant and climate adaptive varieties. In addition, 90% Duck value chain beneficiaries have produced compost fertilizer and used their crops field. All these type of activities will contribute to build a pollution free and sustainable environment.

Expenditure Summary (SDG wise)

SDG	SDG Estimated expenditure by % (must equal 100)
Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere	28%
Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	03%
Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	11%
Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	23%
Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	12%
Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	15%
Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to	08%

justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	
---	--

Feedback and Complain Response Mechanism

Sl. #	Themes in nature of complaints	Explain how leanings from the complaints have been integrated into operational changes
01	Using tube-well in own purpose	Community raised the complaint, CBO leaders and WWP members resolution the problem.
02	Respective FF does not attend to the monthly CBO meeting regularly	01 individual raised the complaint, then the problem was solved through mutual discussion between the REE CALL 2021 team and respective complainer.
03	Complain on early marriage and request to protect.	CBO leaders informed regarding that early marriage case to JAGO NARI authority. CBO leaders and youth members solved the problems.
04	Disagreement among the CBO's members to sit selection of Constructing of Bathing Cubical.	CBO members solved the problem through consultation among themselves
05	Complain on early marriage and request to protect.	CBO leaders informed regarding that early marriage case to JAGO NARI authority. CBO leaders and youth members solved the problems.

Lesson Learnt

In the reporting period, have some lesson learnt which may carry positive result in the next time as:

What we have done well in this project:

- ✓ Through demonstrated plots of sunflower, Pumpkin, Snake Gourd, Pitter Gourd, Lemon, Vietnam Coconut, Multa, Papaya, Bug Been and Banana, we found the success demonstration plots were Sunflower, Pumpkin, Snake Gourd, Banana, Papaya and Multa.

- ✓ As the negative impact of climate change, we found that the farmers have to start cultivation of winter seasons crops and vegetable one month later than previous five years cultivation trend.
- ✓ Farmers of integrated farming demonstrated their farming with bed method for harvesting advanced winter vegetable.
- ✓ When we found the LSP (vaccinator) is not working actively in the duck value chain field, we have developed CBO based separate vaccinators through internal mechanism. This initiative is very effective because CBO based vaccinators play their role properly in terms of timely vaccination program.
- ✓ A total number of 1900 duck has been supported among the 75 HHs but now the total number of duck is above no. of 3150.

What we have not done very well:

- Maximum youth who received vocational training in the different courses did not get job due to not available job opportunity after completion the training courses.

Targeted HHs or beneficiaries did not get loan from the govt. financial institute due to lengthy process and various conditions to get loan from bank or govt. institute.

Innovations: Some activities have been done in different ways which will add extra value in the program as:

- ✓ All integrated farming and climate adaptive agriculture farmers and 80% beneficiaries of duck value chain established the composed fertilizer plant and they used this fertilizer in their crops field. It will contribute to develop eco-friendly agriculture system.
- ✓ Youth group members demonstrated hand washing session in the primary School and CBOs for awareness rising to increase hygiene practice.
- ✓ Youth group's members planted pump tree as the part of climate adaptation initiatives. In the long run, it will contribute to build a climate adaptive environment.
- 80% CBO set up child corner as a play-ground during CBO meeting;
- ✓ 42 women received skill development training from the Department of Women Affairs.
- ✓ 15 CBO members (female 10, Male 05) received training on Entrepreneurship Development from BASIC.
- ✓ 60 Youths (youth girls 35, youth boys 25) received skill development fish cultivation (aquaculture)

- ✓ In the all duck value chain field, some neighbors of duck value chain beneficiaries are buying eggs for brooding the advanced breeds of baby duck.
- ✓ 90% Duck value chain beneficiaries have produced composed fertilizer and used their crops field.
- ✓ Duck value chain beneficiaries have enriched their knowledge to take care their firms in terms of vaccination and regular feeding practices.
- ✓ Farmers of integrated firming demonstrated their firming with bed method for harvesting advanced winter vegetable.
- ✓ 100% Integrated firming beneficiaries have produced composed fertilizer and used their crops field.

To follow our integrated firming model, numbers of 13 farmers (who did not get support from REE CALL 2021) has demonstrated their firming with bed method.

Sustainability: (How the project will be sustainable considering your local area context and project achievement made so far. Institutional, financial, environmental and social aspects of project sustainability)

Under REE CALL 2021, JAGO NARI performed activities considering economic, social, institutional and environmental sustainability as:

In the reporting period, demonstrated 10 integrated firming, 20 eco-friendly and climate adaptive agriculture technology (Sunflower, Pumpkin, Snake gourd, Bitter Gourd demo plot), through linkage with different market actors. Those activities help the community people to learn new advanced ways of integrated farming, climate adaptive agriculture which will contribute to sustainable economy in future.

Overall around 70% targeted rural youths are engage in livelihood activities and 91% trained youths in pilot mentorship are involved in job which will contribute to sustainable economy in the respective community.

From the beginning of REE CALL 2021 to July 2020, number of 75 youths including 23 youth girls have been provided vocational training on different courses (Motor driving 23, Electric & house wearing 33, block & Batik 11, Garments Manufacturing 05). Those trained rural youths are engaged in livelihood activities as per ratio given as below:

CBOs members are more sensitized about their rights through receiving different types of training, workshop orientation under REE CALL 2021. CBOs have acquired knowledge on community development as resilience WASH, climate adaptive agriculture, integrated firming

etc. Its increasing the leadership capacity among the CBOs people and they are also working together for community development. It indicates for long term social development.

Increasing institutional capacity of CBOs through performing different activities, linking with different govt. and non-govt. organization. Number of 22 CBOs out of 27 got registrations from the department of cooperative. Also increasing number of savings members as well as amount of savings at the CBO level. Now the total savings amount of CBOs is around 17lacs. Most of the CBOs are more sensitized now regarding their institutional legality which will play a vital role in the sustainable development at community level.

JAGO NARI hasn't Environment Policy but ensured that all the activities of REE CALL 2021 are performed in environment friendly manner. For example DHTW are installed with features like waste water disposal. In Installation of latrines we maintain environment factors by sealed up septic tanks, water seal and vent pipe.

All integrated farming, eco-friendly & climate adaptive agriculture demonstration plots were established considering the CCA issues as using composed fertilizer and vermin composed instead of chemical fertilizer & pasty side, saline tolerant and climate adaptive varieties, These type of activities will contribute to build a pollution free and sustainable environment.

Project Challenges (including COVID 19 crisis)

Some significant challenges faced in the reporting period also had some weakness which is given below:

Challenges	Status	Mitigation Strategies
Establishing the demonstration plots of Multa was so difficult because it is going to be newly introduced in this community.	Medium	Respective farmers have been motivated through consultation meeting at CBO level as well as officials of the department of agriculture has positively motivated the farmers.
Properly protecting the duck diseases in the winter season was a big challenge. Actually community people is not so aware about the duck diseases and they foster ducks in the opened manner and that is why ducks	High	To overcome this situation, REE CALL 2021 team has taken corrective measures like strong follow up monitoring to the duck value chain field, ensuring vaccination in proper time, going to the Veterinary Surgeon

get sick and increased duck mortality rate in the winter season.		of Upazilla livestock office with being attacked the duck etc.
Still now, well establishment of Hygiene Center is so difficult without bacterial destruction machine, because hygiene center has no bacterial destruction machine. Also Hygiene Center doesn't have own packaging system. These causes are barriers for the well establishment of Hygiene Center.	Medium	Planning to provide required support in the upcoming calendar years.
Performing Emergency Response activities in COVID 19 situation was a big challenge because of its devastating impacts as highly infection possibilities for the human lives.	High	Taking protective measures to protect COVID 19 as using hand sanitizer, face masks, protective goggles, maintaining social distance properly, distribution of packages door to door, not taking signature in the master roll sheets etc.

Expenditure Summary (Outcome wise)

Particulars	Yearly Budget (July'2019 to July 2020)	Yearly Expenditure (July 2019 to July'20)	Variance	Reason of variances
Long Term Outcome-01	465,000.00	296,707.00	1,68,293.00	
LTO – 02	12,04,051.00	11,07,801.00	96,250.00	
LTO – 03	377,500.00	242,824.00	134,676.00	
Program Support cost (Salary, admin and relevant)	28,64,595.00	24,45,823.00	4,18,772.00	

Project Total	49,11,145.00	40,93,155.00	8,17,990.00	
----------------------	--------------	--------------	-------------	--

Education for inclusion of Manta Community (EIMC) project JAGO NARI, Char Mantaj

Introduction: The Manta Community is a socially neglected and deprived of various accessibility and facilities. To assist the Manta Community has been surveys and collects data on land with GO/NGO sources of JAGO NARI higher management. Then identifies 86 fisherman families in Char Mantaj union. The people who are always live in the boat and regular basis less income and landless. JAGO NARI created a project proposal and forwarded to Muslim Charity (UK) to implement pre-primary education with inclusion activities for Manta community of Char Mantaj union, Rangabali Upazilla under Patuakhali district. Considering the situation in humanitarian point of view, Muslim Charity (UK) has agreed to implement a project named **Education for inclusion of Manta Community (EIMC) project** for the period of July 1, 2019 to December 31, 2021

Principal objective: Extension of children's education by directly engaging them in project activities. Encourage them to engage in various income generating activities as a second profession. To help them build linkage with government and none government organization for increase their dignity. Also activities plan will be created by active participation of Manta community in assessing their problems and needs.

Expected Results:

1. The working area will create more opportunity for Manta Community children's to get access to education.
2. In addition to the financial and social well-being of the Manta Community.
3. The involvement of the Manta Community at the GO, NGO level will be increase.
4. Manta Community will be involved in government social safety net programs and others activities with mainstream.
5. Targeted Manta family's practices improve hygiene behavior.

Indicator:

1. The children of Manta Community will attend regular primary school
2. 80% of the targeted beneficiaries received messages on basic hygiene

3. Manta Community children's have improved pre-primary education.
4. The people of Manta community will be covered by all the benefits of government
5. The Manta community and their children will change in behavior dramatically
6. Access to the Manta community will increase at all levels of society

What we do:

Children's Garden School is a non-governmental organization located in Char Mantaj Union, Rangabali Upazilla, Patuakhali District. Which is being implemented by Jago Nari through EIMC project. Our aim is to alleviate poverty and facilitate lasting change in the lives of the most vulnerable Manta Community children and families living in Char Mantaj. This is achieved by providing support through education.

Future Plans:

As we grow up as an organization, we want to reach a bigger position through educating the children of the Manta Community. An application has been made to the government for khas land. The land will provide permanent housing for the community and schools with playgrounds for Manta children.

Project Summary:

Project title:	Education for inclusion of Manta Community (EIMC) project
Project ID:	03.07.2666.662.68121.19-812
Date	7th July.2019
Project start & end date:	1 st July, 2019-31 December, 2021
Project Location:	Char Mantaj Union in Rangabali Upazilla Under Patuakhali District
JAGO NARI Contribution	575,450.00
Muslim Charity Contribution	6,274,174.00
Amount in local currency: BDT (Thirty	Total budget BDT 6,849,624.00

Financial Overview for July 2019-June 2020

Activity	Unit Type	Unit No.	First Year Budget	First Year Expenditur	Remark
Inauguration	Event	01	8604.00	6617.00	
Setup Floating	Unit	01	1,474,920.0	1,754,321.0	
Interior	Unit	01	150,000.00	92,358.00	
safety and	unit	01	75,300.00	74,668.00	
Education Pack	person	50	105,000.00	50,335.00	
Meeting with	Per meeting	04	2449.00	1440.00	
Meeting with	Per Meeting	01	5483.00	1295.00	
Monthly Motivational	Courtyard	10	2400.00	1220.00	
Linkage meeting with	Unit	04	17928.00	4220.00	

Report sharing and Publication	Printing	01	20000.00	00	The budget has been revised and taken in the second year
Salary and	Project Staff	13	604,500.00	416,021.00	
Admin And	Office &		234,400	131,352.0	
C. JAGO			126000.00	126000.00	
Total BDT:			2,826,984	2659847.0	

JAGO NARI ICDRM Project, Bhola Sadar, Bhola

Overview of project:

ICDRM is the 03 years multi-country project, supporting by PLAN International Bangladesh, implementing in 03 unions Veduria, Rajapur and Kachia union under Bhola sadar Upazila. Inclusive Disaster Risk Management is the main theme of the project; Capacity building up on DRR and Response of the local DRM committees and general communities of the target areas.



Name of the Project : Inclusive Community Disaster Risk Management Project (ICDRM)

Project duration : 1st March 2018 to 31st August 2020

Implemented by : JAGO NARI

Supported by : Plan International Bangladesh

Project Funded by : Margaret A. Cargill Foundation (MACF)

Project locations : Bhola district

Sub-District : Bhola Sadar

Union : Veduria, Rajapur, Kachia.

Partner Budget : BDT 49,370,744

Approval : NGOAB

Purpose: To increase preparedness and communities in respond to disaster needs across Asia.

Overall Outcome: preparedness capabilities Bangladesh and the
 2. Identification of model for building natural disaster
 3. The Emergency Fund results in mitigated impacts of natural disasters on girls, boys and families in countries in Asia where Plan operates



inclusive disaster response capabilities of Bangladesh and to rapidly response and early recovery

1. Increased natural disaster of communities in Philippines elements of a replicable inclusive community level preparedness Response & Early Recovery

Target Group: DDMC, UzDMC, UDMC-03, 27 WDMC, 27 Child & Youth Group and mass people of three unions.

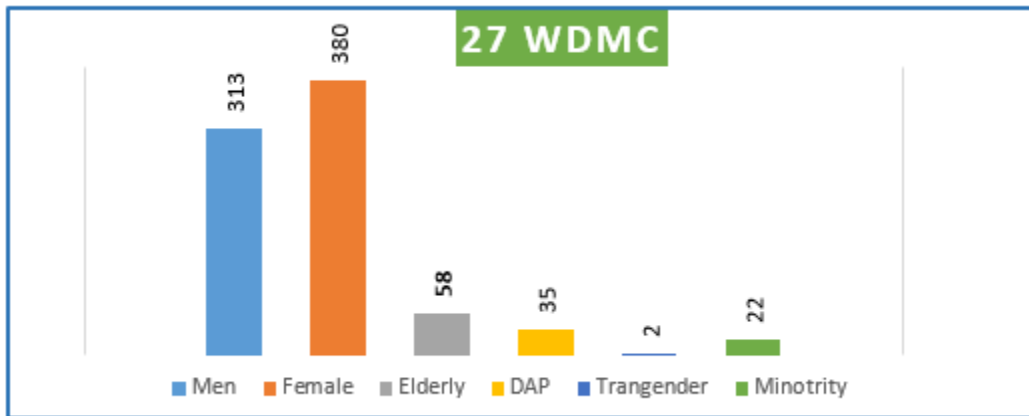
Major intervention areas/major activities:

- ✓ Train committees on effective mainstreaming of gender, disability, culture sensitivity.
- ✓ Orient and train local DRRM committees on CCA and Inclusive-DRRM, including on existing laws and structures, terminologies, risk profiles, and inclusive risk assessment and contingency planning.
- ✓ Orient School Disaster Management Committees on Comprehensive Safe School Framework.
- ✓ Support committees to conduct community risk assessment using the participatory hazard vulnerability and capacity assessment (HVCA).
- ✓ Support committees to create inclusive, gender-sensitive contingency plans with simulations and established community early warning system.
- ✓ Provide funding to retrofit or rehabilitate

Key Achievements:

- ✓ 27 WDMC group formed of total 810 members (Female 380, Elderly people-58, DAP-35, Trangender-2, Minotrity-22).
- ✓ 27 Child & Youth Group formed of total 810 children including Girls- 395, DAP-32, Minotrity-27.
- ✓ 03 UDMC is reformed where 09 excluded persons are included; Trangender-02, Children-3, Elderly-2, Minority-03.
- ✓ Local Govt. already taken few initiatives from RRAP.

- ✓ Community started adaptation practices at their community on Early Warning, Preparedness & Evacuation drill.
- ✓ 03 RRAP prepared, among them 17 micro projects completed and 2 retrofit project are on going.
- ✓ Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Committees are functioning to perform their



proactive role towards the community e.g. to response in Cyclone Bulbul, Amphan and continuous support to protect coronavirus transmission and increased mass awareness on cyclone early warning system and disseminate the protective measures and health rules on COVID-19;

- ✓ DRM Committees with community engagement extended hands to provide support the extreme poor and vulnerable people who are financially collapsed and jeopardize their daily income;
- ✓ For establishing Community Based Early Warning System in project areas, through maintaining the procurement process and procedures early warning devices like cyclone flags and flag stands have been bought and distributed at each Ward in 3 Unions. Total 270 pieces flag stands and 810 pieces flags (3 flags for in each stand) have been distributed to the respective WDMC and C&Y Group members with the active participation of UDMC and local elite persons.
- ✓ For the dilapidated evacuation paths and community shelters to help the community withstand and environmental disasters, ICDRM project implemented the several retrofitting activities like cyclone shelter link RCC road construction, WASH block/latrine installation and tube-well platform raised to reduce the local disaster risk so that the community may enter into the shelters easily. Regarding this, two retrofitting

activities e.g. 1) RCC approach road at 64 # Uttar Char Bheduria Govt. Primary School cum Cyclone Shelter and 2) WASH Block/ Latrine installation at 31 # Paschim Charkali Govt. Primary School cum Cyclone Shelter at Bheduria Union, are ongoing;

- ✓ To increase the community level awareness on disaster preparedness and establish community based early warning system and mass awareness on the current disaster COVID-19 at community level, Community Mobilizer (CM) of ICDRM Project continues awareness sessions through maintaining the social distance and health rules of COVID-19;
- ✓ Children and Youth (C&Y) group members are sharing their learning's on cyclone early warning system and COVID-19 to the community, friends, classmates, school going children and neighbors.

Safe Space, Project

JAGO NARI is working in the development sector since 1998 in the most climate vulnerable area of Barguna. Our proposed project is focusing to contribute in the community on reducing VAWG and ensuring their rights, In the southern Coastal part of Bangladesh most of the female members of missing fisher folk family's, ethnic "RAKHAIN" communities, person with disabilities. in Every year lot of fisherman is missing to deep sea and migrated to urban area for alternative livelihood. These Families may face difficulties for absence of only earning person, as female members of those families are frequently coming under threats of sexual violence by society as well as family, early marriage of children's and social discrimination. Also, female members of ethnic "RAKHAIN" communities and person with disability are also in threats of sexual violence and deprive their rights. Under this project JN will work in Taltoli Upazilla under Barguna district to creating an inclusive platform for those marginalized women to have strong voice and safe space to enjoy their right to dignified life and healthy wellbeing.

Over View:

Project Title: Inclusive Safe Space for Vulnerable & Ethnic Women's of southern-coastal areas of Bangladesh -SAFE SPACE

Project Duration: 01/01/2019-31/12/2021

Working Area : Taltali upazila,Barguna

Supported by : Manusher Jonno Foundation (MJF)

Total Budget : 97,60,400

The project aimed to achieve the following four outputs in terms of achieving the goal:

Outcome:

Output-01: Understanding and knowledge of targeted women & community people increased on women rights and violence against

Output -02: Men and boys awareness and knowledge raised on gender/women rights issues

Output-03: Duty bearers are towards women and girls

Output-04: Women are capable to choice their income source and participated in income utilization decisions

General Information:

✓ Lead Organization:	Manusher Jonno Foundation
✓ Supporting Organization:	UKAID
✓ Total Beneficiary :	3000

District	Upazilla	Union	Village	Group	# of HHs	Male	Female	Total
Barguna	Taltali	03	47	120	11964	24238	24570	48808

SAFE SPACE project location:

Borobogi, Nishanbaria and Sonakata Union under Taltali Upazila at Barguna District

Project Goal: To creating inclusive platform for strong voice and safe space of marginalized women for strong voice and safe space to enjoy their right to dignified life and healthy wellbeing.

Objectives of the Project:

- ✓ Prevalence of violence against women and girls decreased in project areas.
- ✓ Men and boys are supportive towards women rights and gender equality
- ✓ Ensured Medical and legal services for women and girls' victims or survivors
- ✓ Enhanced opportunity for women's involvement in income generation
- ✓ Prevent and stop early child marriage

Direct beneficiaries: Extreme Poor families

Direct beneficiaries of the project are includes Women and girls from missing fisherman families, migrated families & ethnic community survivors, VAW victims, vulnerable women and girls(widow, destitute & disable), men, adolescent boys and youth.

Major Stakeholders

- ✓ Local elite people.
- ✓ Religious and Minority leaders.
- ✓ Union Family dispute women and children nirosane committee.
- ✓ Union parishad.
- ✓ Upazilla government line department.
- ✓ Press Club.
- ✓ Law enforcement agencies.
- ✓ CSOs.

Output-01: Understanding and knowledge of targeted women & community people increased on women rights and violence against women

Output -02: Men and boys awareness and knowledge raised on gender/women rights issues

Output-03: Duty bearers are towards women and girls

Output-04: Women are capable to choice their income source and participated in income utilization decisions

Group meeting activity: The main strategy of the project is organization will organize women and girls and train them to develop organizational and leadership skills in order to raise their voice collectively. The proposed project will support to the women and girls to strengthen their voices at different through protest and demonstration against all rights violations using the relevant network and platforms. The project will facilitate group formation, community level meetings, dialogue with service providers and local government bodies, door to door visit.

Sample of a project details on Covid-19 & Cyclone AMPHAN Emergency

The OXFAM emergency project to fight against Covid-19 and its
whereabouts including the total procedure

Background of this project:

Bangladesh recorded its first confirmed case of COVID-19 on March 08, 2020 and subsequently the first official death by the virus was declared by government on March 17, 2020. Since the first case of the infection, the situation has escalated fast, for the worse, with 328 officially confirmed death cases on May 17, 2020 and 22268 people are affected by Covid-19, according to the daily health briefing by the Health and Family Welfare Minister and the IEDCR.

Meanwhile, the whole country is under general holidays and asked to be in their homes and in emergencies, maintain social distancing. But the reality is that people are not maintaining their isolation in their homes to be safe, there is heavy



gathering in the markets and this has become the very lucrative source of social contamination and the alarming situation of being affected. People can't go out for their livelihoods, so running after the very limited relief support and violating all distance which is the breeding place of being contaminated and affected by the Covid-19.

Many people are working abroad from Barguna district and those are coming from middle-east, south-Asian countries, which makes it very alarming for the people and they are becoming very vulnerable to the Corona Virus. Amtali is the transit point for people movement to other Upazilla and Kalapara, Barguna Sadar and Pathorghata are the sea-belt areas. Several business groups, agriculture groups and fishermen groups' movement become very optimum here and it becomes the breeding place for the Covid-19.

According to ICDER report, old age people are most vulnerable and the lack of awareness common people at village/community level is coming out to the nearest bazar/market very frequently and if this can't be tackled now, situation will become very severe shortly though the Government has taken initiative for keeping people in their homes and taking support from the law-enforcing agencies including the armed forces but it has not yielded very good fruit in providing result of being at home. And as a result, most affected people are the marginalized and poor farmers, fishermen, persons with disability, elderly people, day labourers, small/ferry business men, floating people, widow, separated women, child

headed households are becoming work/jobless and of no income which is leading them to starvation and they even can't think of the hygiene kits for the protection and here stand our role of helping these very vulnerable groups to support with the hygiene kit and this should follow with food items as they don't have any food as they don't have work to earn. JAGO NARI in partnership with OXFAM has implemented a one-month project (05 April to 19 May 2020) to support the very vulnerable 420 HHs in four Unions under the Sadar Upazilla in Barguna district. The title of the project was "COVID- 19 response Project" to provide hygiene kits assistance to the at-risk populations to protect from the Covid-19 as the precautionary measure.

JAGO NARI has worked to support the most vulnerable community i.e. widow, separated women, PWDs, old aged people with no income source, daily laborers for their protection from the Covid-19 with providing hygiene kits so that they can survive from this pandemic. JAGO NARI completed the following initiatives to ensure proper implementation of the proposed project. The initiatives are narrated in the below section:

Staff orientation:

JAGO NARI organized orientation session with participation of the staffs together and all project staffs should stay at JAGO NAR training center and they will be not allowed return to families for 20 days.

Beneficiary Selection:

JAGO NARI collected the list from the UNO/Union Chairmen for the program participants we planned to support as the Govt. has the full list for the social safety net programs and it served JN purposes as we needed to distribute the hygiene kits immediately to the HHs so that they can be safe.

Vulnerable Families	Number
Disable	140
Pregnant mother	95
Lactating mother	82

Widow/ women headed house hold	190
School going Student families	151

Hygiene Package: We distributed a minimum and standard hygiene package to support the program participants against the pandemic COVID 19. Every beneficiary received the hygiene package consisted of Bathing Soap (150 mg) 8 pcs lifebuoy, Laundry soap 3 (130mg) 3 pcs, sanitary napkin cloth 8 pcs 1m x .5m, detergent 600mg, awareness leaflet, Musk 20 pcs, and ORS 10 pcs. There was a continuous day long miking in all the Two Unions so that people, not only our targeted program participants but the whole community get the awareness messages

A	Health & Hygiene	Unit	# unit
1	Bathing Soap (150 gm. lifebuoy)	Pcs	8
2	Detergent (200 gm.)	Pac	3
3	Non disposable Sanitary cloth for Menstrual Hygiene Management (1 m x .5m each) highly absorbent, dark cotton fabric	Pcs	8
4	ORS	Pcs	10
5	Laundry Soap(130gm)	Pcs	3
6	Mask	Pcs	20
7	One pager IEC material (color printed)	Pcs	1

Awareness Campaign:

Miking: JAGO NARI conducted a mass awareness campaign through miking in both the Unions under COVID 19 response in Bangladesh project. Awareness message was disseminated through miking in all the important places in the project implementation Union areas.

Distribution modality: Staffs visited house to house for the Hygiene package distribution. Packet was placed in front of the house and they received it after coming back to 3 feet distance (ensuring social distance). We maintained a master roll but Beneficiary was not

allowed to sign in the paper. Rather they received the Hygiene kit package at their doorsteps and after they gave their consent we took pictures for the documentation. We ensured 100% accountability and transparent system in these difficult and different circumstances.

Coordination with Stakeholders: JAGO NARI coordinated with the district government and law enforcement agencies for the hygiene kit distribution. Before the response project kit distribution JAGO NARI shared the Beneficiary list with other agencies related to the distribution. We did not organize any meeting/workshop/any kind of public gathering to ensure safety of the program participants, so formal letters were issued to all relevant agency/organization/stakeholders. Final beneficiary list was endorse by Upazilla office representative, union Chairman and related project officer.

Staff Security: Staff safety was our first priority and JAGO NARI did not perform any activity which was harmful for staffs or volunteers. Very recently a protocol for Staffs and volunteers to maintain proper security measure and JAGO NARI followed the protocol developed by the WASH cluster for Covid-19 responses and Oxfam guideline. Every staffs and volunteers those were involved in this response project had to stay at JAGO NARI training center for 20 days. Food and accommodation support was provided from the project. Furthermore, they were not allowed to return home within 20 days to ensure the safety of their family members. This measure ensured safety of staffs and volunteers as a whole. The staff security was the first priority and we were very cautious on this issue.

Expected Results:

- ✓ 420 HHs will receive the selected hygiene kit package at their doorsteps so that the risk is minimized ensuring safety measures of the staffs and the program participants.
- ✓ The hygiene kits will ensure proper safety measures which will protect from the health hazards from the Covid-19
- ✓ Very vulnerable families will be able to use the hygiene kits and will be maintaining social distance to be safe from health hazards

Activity

- ✓ Beneficiary selection through consultation with the DC/UNO/Union Chairmen/related stakeholders
- ✓ Each household was informed about the distribution of the hygiene kits through mobile phone calls and door to door visit where mobile phone was not available/reachable
- ✓ Massive awareness program through exclusive miking in the unions for four days
- ✓ Weekly report submission.
- ✓ Distribution Plan submission.
- ✓ Distribution of the hygiene kits at the doorsteps
- ✓ No signature in the muster roll
- ✓ Taking photographs of the program participants with their consents
- ✓ Endorsement from the UP Chairmen
- ✓ Endorsement from the UNO
- ✓ Conduct and complete PDM exercise through mobile phone
- ✓ Submission of the final report to the donor

Process:

- ✓ Communication with Local Government
- ✓ Project staff deployment
- ✓ Beneficiary selection, Approval, endorsement
- ✓ Distribution of hygiene kits at the doorsteps
- ✓ CRM
- ✓ Post Distribution Monitoring (PDM)
- ✓ Internal Lessons learnt Workshop/sharing
- ✓ Exit meeting among project and head quarter staffs.

Union wise Beneficiary data:

Sl no	Name of Upazilla	Name of Union	HHs	Remarks
1	Barguna Sadar	Noltona	300	
2		Dholua	120	

Compliant and Response Mechanism (CRM):

Compliant and Response Mechanism (CRM) is a method for ensuring accountability towards the target community to guard against possible degradation of services, selection biasness and other management failures. In ensuring programmatic accountability, CRM has been proved very effective when JAGO NARI with this proved mechanism,

community people were made aware of their right to complaint against “JAGO NARI services/quality of work” and “Behaviors of Staffs”. Community preference in terms of complaints management modalities were also considered before finalizing the mechanism. Being a very exceptional risky period we introduced CRM through phone calls only to ensure safety of the program participants and the staffs. A dedicated mobile phone was used for this and the mobile number was shared exclusively through miking, printed in the leaflet, program participant card and so on a register was maintained and a dedicated staff was assigned for this task.

PDM:

After accomplished all planned activities JAGO NARI staffs conducted the PDM using mobile phones as the 1 to 1 interview was risky for both the program participants and the staffs. It was beforehand agreed by both the donor and the implementing partner JAGO NARI.

A total of 10% random sampling was done for the PDM and the total was 39 HHs who were selected for conducting the PDM. A graphical/chart analysis is presented at the following page to show some of the significant issues which were responded by the program participants and the short analysis is also written at the end of the graphical presentation.

Data presented that 98% beneficiaries were aware about the CRM procedures and the rest couldn't memorize the issue, nor they remembered that a mobile number is there at their card and in the leaflet the received from the staffs during the hygiene kit.

Moreover, it also shows that 100% of the program participants received the materials and they knew what were the materials they received.

44% were very satisfied with the items they received and 56% were satisfied

100% reported that the hygiene kits reduced the health risk during this pandemic situation

None of them reported that they had to pay anything in exchange of receiving the hygiene kits (100% reported they received the materials free of any cost)

The Plan International project and its whereabouts including the total procedure

JAGO NARI in partnership with PLAN INTERNATIONAL has implemented a two-

month project (12 August to 12 October 2020) to support the very vulnerable 5166 HHs in none Unions under four Upazillas in Barguna district. The title of the project was **“Emergency Response to Cyclone AMPHAN in Bangladesh (DRF Project)”** to provide a package of 13 materials per HH to support overcoming the destruction from the super cyclone AMPHAN.

JAGO NARI has worked to support the most vulnerable community specifically the families with adolescent girls (being the first criteria for selection from PLAN INTERNATIONAL) including the widow, separated women, families with PWDs, old aged people with no income source, daily laborers for their survival and lifesaving support to get rid from the damage caused by the super cyclone AMPHAN so that they can survive. JAGO NARI completed the following initiatives to ensure proper implementation of the proposed project. The initiatives are narrated in the below section:

Staff orientation: JAGO NARI with support from Plan International organized an exclusive remote/digital orientation session with participation of the staffs together and the Plan representative made the issues very clear to all project staffs so that everyone is on the same page and same understanding, the guidance was to ensure the smooth implementation of the project.

Beneficiary Selection:

As instructed by the PLAN INTERNATIONAL authority to involve the Union Parishad throughout the whole process, JAGO NARI first informed the District and Upazilla administration through formal letter, collected the initial list from the UP though they didn't have any readymade list-we provided a format to get the list, went to every household with the Kobo tool for HH assessment, shared with the Union Parishad and PLAN INTERNATIONAL, collected the final list endorsed by the UP, submitted the approved list to PLAN INTERNATIONAL for the MIS completions, printed the final list of the muster roll adding four columns to be filled in during the distribution and then went to the households for the HH card distribution for the selected program participants to ensure the distribution in the distribution points according to the schedule.

Union wise Beneficiary data:

Sl no	Name of Upazilla	Name of Union	HHs	Remarks
1		Bamna Sadar	574	Completed

2	Bamna	Ramna	574	Completed
3	Amtoli	Gulishakhali	574	Completed
4		Arpangashia	574	Completed
5	Patharghata	Kathaltoli	574	Completed
6		Charduani	574	Completed
7	Betagi	Betagi Sadar	574	Completed
8		Mokamia	574	Completed
9		Bura Mojumdar	574	Completed
	4	9	5166	

CRM information/material list/HH Card: All the HHs were provided individual card for the documentation where it was clearly mentioned about the list of the support/CRM hotline and the donor Plan International (HKNO) as provided by the donor PLAN INTERNATIONAL authority in the field.

Distribution modality: Staffs visited house to house for the distribution of HH Card to all the 5166 selected HHs and they were informed about the distribution point on the specific days to come for the receipt of the materials for their HHs. The local administration/ the UP/ the elites along with the Plan International representatives were duly informed about the dates and were requested to be present during the distribution. Some of the UNOs were present during the inauguration of the distribution and the UP representatives were present for most of the distribution along with the JAGO NARI project staffs. The Plan International representatives also visited the spots during the distribution and they also had sample check with the HHs.

Coordination with Stakeholders: JAGO NARI coordinated with the district/Upazilla government and other potential stakeholders alongside the PLAN INTERNATIONAL authority obviously on a regular basis to ensure smooth implementation of the project. As we have already shared that the final beneficiary list was endorsed by authority.

Staff Security: Staff safety was our first priority and JAGO NARI did not perform any activity which was harmful for staffs or volunteers. The donor PLAN INTERNATIONAL provided set of cautionary materials to ensure the safety and security of the staffs keeping Covid-19 in mind. Very recently a protocol for Staffs and volunteers to maintain proper security measure and JAGO NARI followed the protocol developed by the WASH cluster.

Expected Results:

- ✓ 5166 HHs will receive family materials listed above (13 different kind of materials), they will also get a HH Card, a document of the material list and a CRM document with the hotline number to lodge their complaints if there is any
- ✓ The support from PLAN INTERNATIONAL will be the support to cover their loss from the super cyclone AMPHAN and this will enable the HHs to have their family essentials alongside to ensure adolescent health

Activity

- ✓ Informed UNO through formal letter
- ✓ Primary list collected from the UP
- ✓ HH visit for information collection through using Kobo tool
- ✓ Submission of the primary list to PLAN INTERNATIONAL
- ✓ Draft List crosschecked by JAGO NARI senior management team (7-8%)
- ✓ Finalization of the beneficiary list after each and every HH visit
- ✓ Approval of the final list by the UP
- ✓ Submit the final list to PLAN INTERNATIONAL
- ✓ Beneficiary Card distribution to HHs
- ✓ Final list provided by Plan International and ensured in the MIS
- ✓ PLAN INTERNATIONAL arranges supply of the materials through their vendor to the Upazillas in the specific warehouses
- ✓ Final distribution report submission to PLAN INTERNATIONAL
- ✓ Final narrative report submission to PLAN INTERNATIONAL
- ✓ Final financial report submission to PLAN INTERNATIONAL

Process:

- ✓ Project staff deployment
- ✓ Orientation of staffs and briefing by PLAN INTERNATIONAL
- ✓ Communication with Government officials (UNO/UP)
- ✓ Beneficiary selection, Approval, endorsement
- ✓ Distribution of HHs Card the doorsteps
- ✓ Material distribution to the program participants at the scheduled places
- ✓ CRM
- ✓ Submission of program and financial report to donor

Compliant and Response Mechanism (CRM):

Compliant and Response Mechanism (CRM) is a method (integral part of any project implementation) for ensuring accountability towards the target community to guard against possible degradation of services, selection biasness and other management failures. In ensuring programmatic accountability, CRM has been proved very effective when JAGO NARI with this proved mechanism, community people were made aware of their right to complaint against “JAGO NARI services/quality of work” and “Behaviors of Staffs”. Community preference in terms of complaints management modalities were also considered before finalizing the mechanism.

Being a very exceptional risky period we introduced CRM through phone calls (hot line number of the donor only) to ensure safety of the program participants and the staffs. A dedicated mobile phone was used for this and the mobile number was shared exclusively with the program participants, the other stakeholders through a leaflet.

Challenges:

- ✓ Due to bad weather it was very difficult to collect data from the field according to the scheduled time frame but the field team worked day in day out to meet the deadline and maintaining quality
- ✓ Due to slow internet connectivity Kobo Tool box data entry was interrupted every now and then
- ✓ The new MIS system was a bit difficult for the staffs to be used to

Recommendations:

- ✓ If the time frame was a bit longer the implementation might be smoother

- ✓ Due to slow internet connectivity Kobo Tool box data entry was interrupted every now and then



The UNO/UP Chairman and the Project staffs distributing Plan

- ✓ The MIS system should be more user friendly/extensive orientation could be arranged with more time

In fine, we are very proud to share that being the long-time partner of

PLAN

INTERNATIONAL, we

here at JAGO NARI learnt a lot and hope that with the close coordination of the PLAN INTERNATIONAL responsible persons for our project was very cooperative throughout the period and we hope our partnership will grow bigger and will sustain in the days to come ahead.